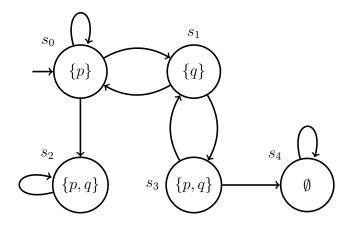
## Model Checking – Exercise sheet 8

## Exercise 8.1

Compute  $[\![\mathbf{EG}q]\!]$ ,  $[\![\mathbf{EXAG}(p \lor q)]\!]$  and  $[\![\mathbf{EFAG}(p \land q)]\!]$  for the following Kripke structure:



## Exercise 8.2

(Taken from Principles of Model Checking)

Provide two Kripke structures  $\mathcal{K}_1$  and  $\mathcal{K}_2$  (over the same set of atomic propositions) and a CTL formula  $\phi$  such that  $Traces(\mathcal{K}_1) = Traces(\mathcal{K}_2)$  and  $\mathcal{K}_1 \models \phi$ , but  $\mathcal{K}_2 \not\models \phi$ .

## Exercise 8.3

Given two CTL formulas  $\phi_1$  and  $\phi_2$ , we write  $\phi_1 \Rightarrow \phi_2$  iff for every Kripke structure  $\mathcal{K}$  we have  $(\mathcal{K} \models \phi_1) \Rightarrow (\mathcal{K} \models \phi_2)$ . Furthermore, we define an *implication graph* as a directed graph whose nodes are CTL formulas, and that contains an edge from  $\phi_1$  to  $\phi_2$  iff  $\phi_1 \Rightarrow \phi_2$ . Let  $AP = \{p\}$ .

- (a) Draw an implication graph with the nodes: **EFEF**p, **EGEG**p, **AFAF**p, **AGAG**p.
- (b) For each implication  $\phi_1 \Rightarrow \phi_2$  obtained in (a), give a Kripke structure  $\mathcal{K}$  that satisfies  $\phi_2$  but not  $\phi_1$ , i.e. give a  $\mathcal{K}$  such that  $\mathcal{K} \models \phi_2$  and  $\mathcal{K} \not\models \phi_1$ .
- (c) Add the following CTL formulas to the implication graph obtained in (a):  $\mathbf{AFEF}p$ ,  $\mathbf{EFAF}p$ ,  $\mathbf{AGEG}p$ ,  $\mathbf{EGAG}p$ .