

Outline



Motivation

Research Questions

Approach

Results

Documentation is important, but usually of bad quality



- APIs have become so essential to businesses that 85% consider Web APIs and API-based integration fundamental to their business strategy and continued success. [1]
- Ideally, [companies] should use open, well-documented services to accelerate time to prototype. Expecting constant change and speedy execution is part of the shift to the API economy.[2]
- Clear, easy-to-access, and easy-to-grasp documentation is a prerequisite for API success. [1]

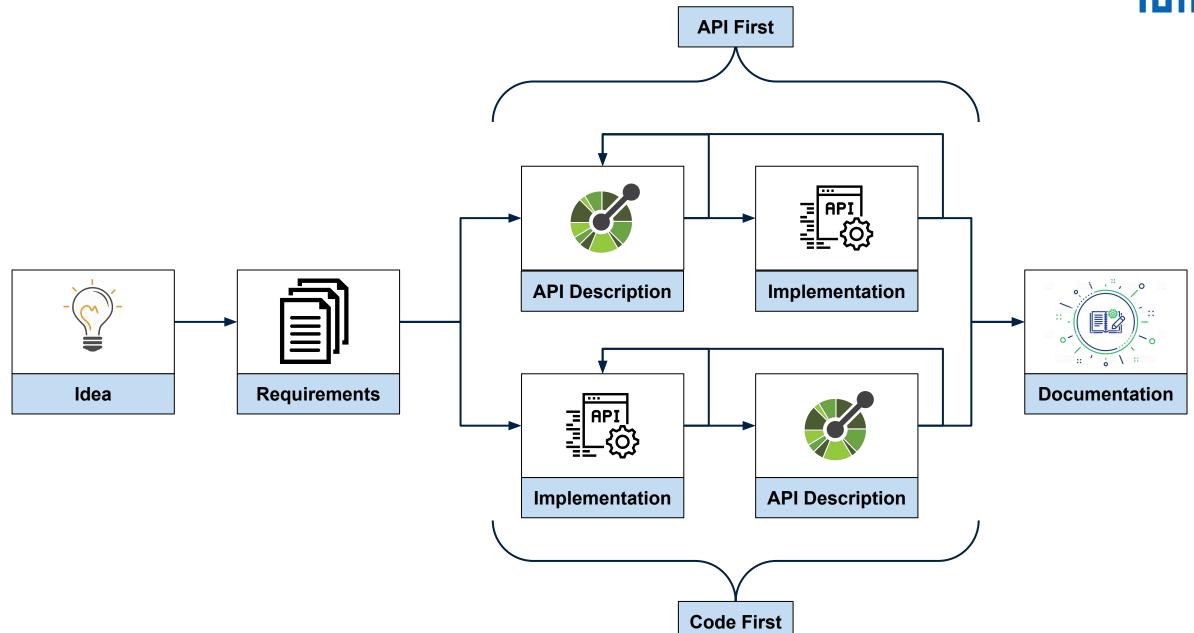
- Documentation quickly becomes stale and out-of-date. When it does, users fail to derive value from it and, worse yet, lose trust in the company. [1][4]
- "[A]bout 49% of the endpoints have some mismatch between OASs from the documentation and the calling response." [3]
- Lack of resources, time, and tooling support are the biggest obstacles to implementing a successful API documentation process [5]

[1] Falon Fatemi "3 Keys To A Successful API Strategy!

[2] Deloitte University Press, "API economy - From systems to business services"

How do Web APIs provide documentation?





Design Science

Environment

Business Problems

- **Need for Documentation**
- Documentation expensive to maintain (especially unstable Documentation)
- Separate Activities lead to duplicated effort and increase potential for mistakes

People

- **Technical Writers**
- **API** Designers
- **Developers**

Technology

- OAS (Design, Operation)
- Documentation tooling based on OAS (Technical Writers)
- Type System (Dev)
- Framework Code (Dev)

Relevance Needs **3usiness**

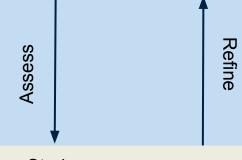
Develop/Build

IS-Research

Requirements for Web API Reference Documentation

Approach to generate OAS for Reference Documentation for Web **APIs**

OpenAPI-aware Web Framework



Case Study Community Feedback Analysis

Justify/Evaluate (RQ3)



Rigor

Applicable Knowledge

API Documentation research

Documentation Generation research

Methodologies

Knowledge Base

- **Knowledge Extraction**
- **Knowledge Augmentation**

Application in the Appropriate Environment

Additions to Knowledge Base

Gregor, Shirley & Hevner, Alan. (2013). Positioning and Presenting Design Science Research for Maximum Impact. MIS Quarterly. 37. 337-356.

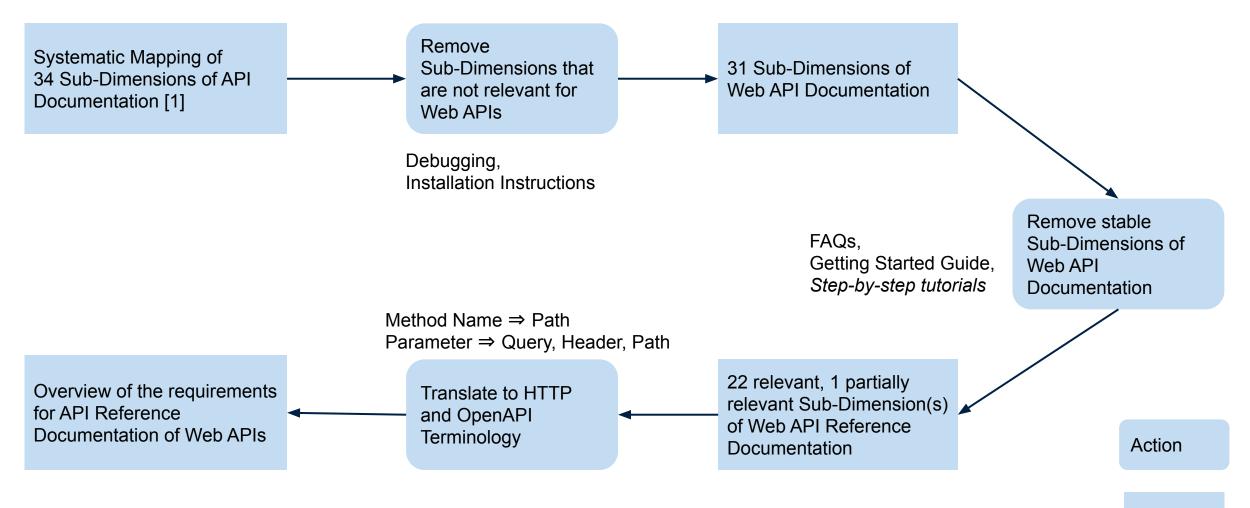
Research Questions



RQ1	What are elements of API Reference Documentation for Web APIs?	
RQ2	What are possible approaches to generate accurate, correct, complete and up-to-date API Reference Documentation of Web APIs?	
RQ3	Would developers use a OpenAPI driven framework?	

RQ1: What are elements of API Reference Documentation for Web APIs: Approach

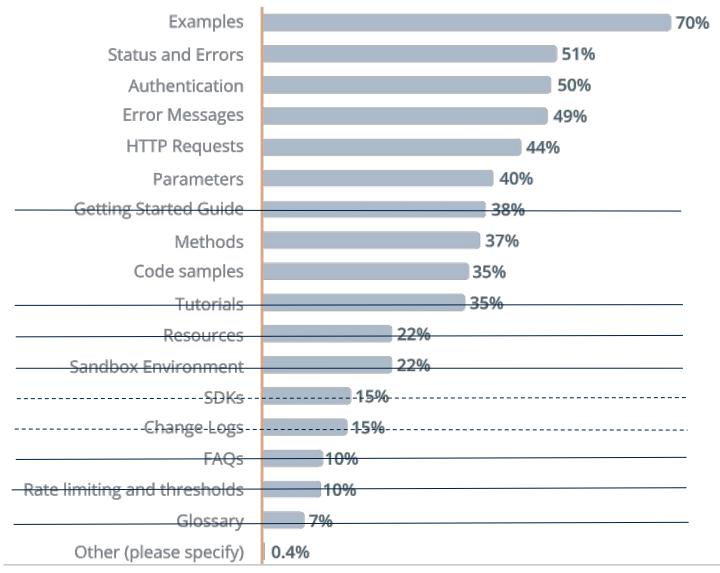




Entity

Please select the top 5 most important things you look for in API documentation.





SmartBear - State of the API 2019

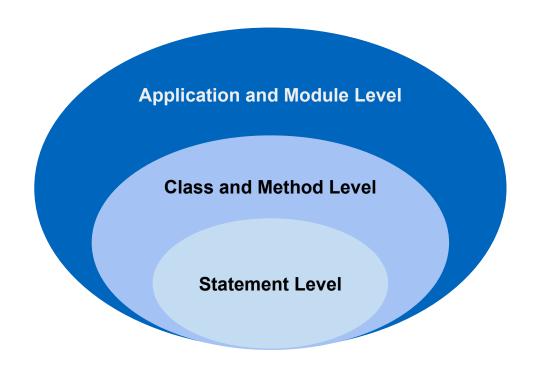
For more information visit https://smartbear.de/resources/ebooks/the-state-of-api-2019-report/



RQ2: What are possible approaches to generate accurate, correct, complete and up-to-date API Reference Documentation of Web APIs?

Sources of Documentation: Location





Application/Module Level

Project Configuration (package.json, tsoa.json)

Class/Method Level

- Parameters: Location, Type
- Return: Status, Headers, Type
- Doc Comments: Descriptions
- Decorators / Annotations: Route, Method

Statement Level

Not considered

Sources of Documentation: Form



```
@Route('/')
export class LayerController extends BaseController {
 constructor(private layerService: LayerService) {}
   * The endpoint used to create new Layers
   * Oparam auth The auth header
   * @param viewId
   * @param body A PostLayer Body
   * aparam notFoundResponse Not authorized to perform this operation
 @Post('views/{viewId}/layers')
 public async createLayer(
   @Header('Authorization') auth: BearerToken,
   @Path() viewId: number,
   @Body() body: PostLayerRequest,
   @Res() unauthorizedResponse: Respose<401, StatusOnlyResponse>
 ): Promise<StatusResponse<DisplayLayer> {
   // implementation
```

Sources of Documentation: Form

Framework

Annotations



```
@Route('/')
export class LayerController extends BaseController {
 constructor(private layerService: LayerService) {}
  /**
   * The endpoint used to create new Layers
   * Oparam auth The auth header
                                                                                JSDoc
   * @param viewId
   * @param body A PostLayer Body
   * @param notFoundResponse Not authorized to perform this operation
 @Post('views/{viewId}/layers')
 public async createLayer(
   @Header('Authorization') auth.
                                  BearerToken
    @Path() viewId: number
    @Body() body: PostLayerRequest
                                                                                  Type System
    @Res() unauthorizedResponse: Respose<401, StatusOnlyResponse>
    Promise<StatusResponse<DisplayLayer>
    // implementation
```

Approaches



Reflection

- Inspect the application programmatically at runtime
- Decorators

AST Analysis

- Inspect the application programmatically at build time
- Macros

Integration Tooling

- Language Server Protocol
- Type Checker

RQ2: How can we extract knowledge from Source Code



	Type System	Annotations	JSDoc-Comments	Configuration
JSON Schema	✓	_	×	×
Operation Schema	_	V	×	×
Usability information	×	_	✓	V
Metadata	×	_	×	V

	Type System	Annotations	JSDoc-Comment	Configuration
AST Parsing	_	V	V	V
Type Checker	V	X	X	×
Reflection	_	V	×	V

⇒ Only a combination of more than one approach can lead to the best results

Questions



RQ3: Approach

- Evaluate with developers
- Create/Improve tooling

RQ3: Would developers use a OpenAPI aware Framework?

- Incentives for developers
- Effort
- Limitations

Selected Contributions: Improving an existing tool that leverages AST Parsing



JSDoc

Support for multiple response examples

Web framework/Annotations

TypeChecked Responses

Type System

- Type Aliases
- Null vs. undefined
- Conditional & Mapped types

Configuration

- Extract Author Information (Name, Email, Web)
- Tag descriptions

Type checked (alternative) Responses



Issue:

- Usually, frameworks throw errors and define a global handler to catch these Errors and transform them into JSON responses
- Documenting these Error responses requires manual annotation (@Response<Type>(Status, Description))
 ⇒ Potential for issues
- TypeScript does not do type checking on throw/catch
- For backwards compatibility and ease of adoption, the return type of the controller method only reflects the default (2xx) response

Approach:

Add the ability to inject a type checked responder function that can be invoked and returned

Benefits:

- Type checked Status, Response type and headers
- Framework ensures proper documentation

Example



```
@Route("/orders")
@Security("jwt")
aTags("Orders")
@Response<UnauthorizedErrorMessage>(401, "Unauthorized")
export class OrdersController extends Controller {
/**
  * Oparam paymentRequired Insufficient funds available
  * Oparam requestBody The Create Order payload
  * @example notFound {"message": "Not Found", "details": "Ship with this id not exist"}
  */
@Post()
public async createOrder(
  @Res() badRequest: TsoaResponse<400, ErrorMessage>,
  nRes() paymentRequired: TsoaResponse<402, ErrorMessage>,
  notFound: TsoaResponse<404, ErrorMessage>,
  aBody()
  requestBody: CreateOrderBody
): Promise<Order> {
    notFound(404, { message: "Ship with this id not exist" }); // type checked
   // Implementation
}
```

Type Aliases



Issue:

- Type Aliases are a very common usage of the Type System to Name and reference type constructs
- No support

Approach:

- Add a new naming algorithm
- Add a context (scope) to properly handle Generics

Benefits:

- Reuse types, descriptions, example and format annotations
- Enables advanced type constructs that rely on partial application via type aliases

Example



```
/**

* Stringified UUIDv4.

* See [RFC 4112](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4122)

* Opattern [0-9A-Fa-f]{8}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}-4[0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[89ABab][0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}

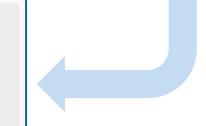
* Opattern "52907745-7672-470e-a803-a2f8feb52944"

*/
export type UUID = string;
```

```
"UUID": {
    "type": "string",
    "example": "52907745-7672-470e-a803-a2f8feb52944",

    "description": "Stringified UUIDv4.\nSee [RFC 4112](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4122)",
    "pattern": "[0-9A-Fa-f]{8}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}-4[0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[89ABab][0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}"
},
```

```
UUID string
example: 52907745-7672-470e-a803-a2f8feb52944
pattern: [0-9A-Fa-f]{8}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}-4[0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[89ABab][0-9A-Fa-f]{3}-[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}
Stringified UUIDv4. See RFC 4112
```



Conditional & Mapped Types



Issue:

- Modern type systems allow complex constructs to allow more expressive types
- Previously not supported

Approach:

Instead of complex AST parsing, defer work to the Type Checker

Benefits:

More flexible approach, allow documentation of advanced types

RQ3: Evaluation



Theoretical

- Reason how tsoa can enforce attributes of good documentation
- Lay out future work

Popularity

- GitHub stars
- Feedback from the community

Coding Assignment

- Implement a To-Do Application with 3 Tools: tsoa, reflection based tool (nestjs/swagger), readmeio/oas
- Compare correctness, time, developer experience

RQ3: Evaluation

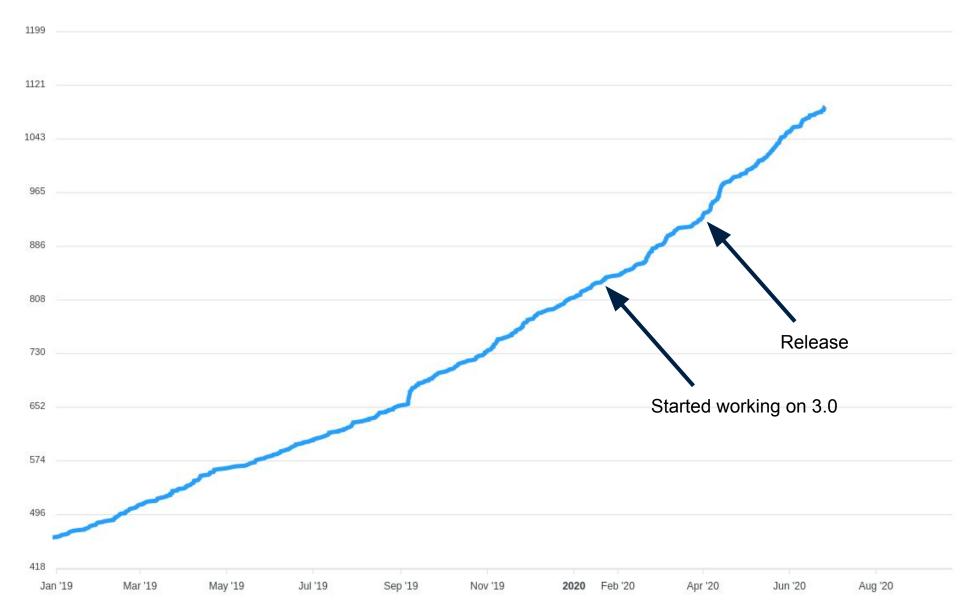


There's No Reason to Write OpenAPI By Hand - Phil Sturgeon, Author (Build APIs You Won't Hate, Surviving Other People's APIs)

- Other frameworks have first-party or third-party support for annotations, which are purely descriptive repetitions of the actual code they sit above at best. At worst they're just lies.
- There is a new category of API description integration popping up in some web frameworks which is somewhat like Annotations or DSLs, but instead of being purely descriptive it's actually powering logic and reducing code, giving you one source of truth.
- This is a brand new approach. Instead of descriptive annotations or comments shoved in as an afterthought, the API framework has been designed around the use of annotations.
- this new approach for making annotations useful is very much closing the gap. If you're going to use a code-first approach, you should absolutely try and find a framework like TSOA to power your API and reduce the chance of mismatches.

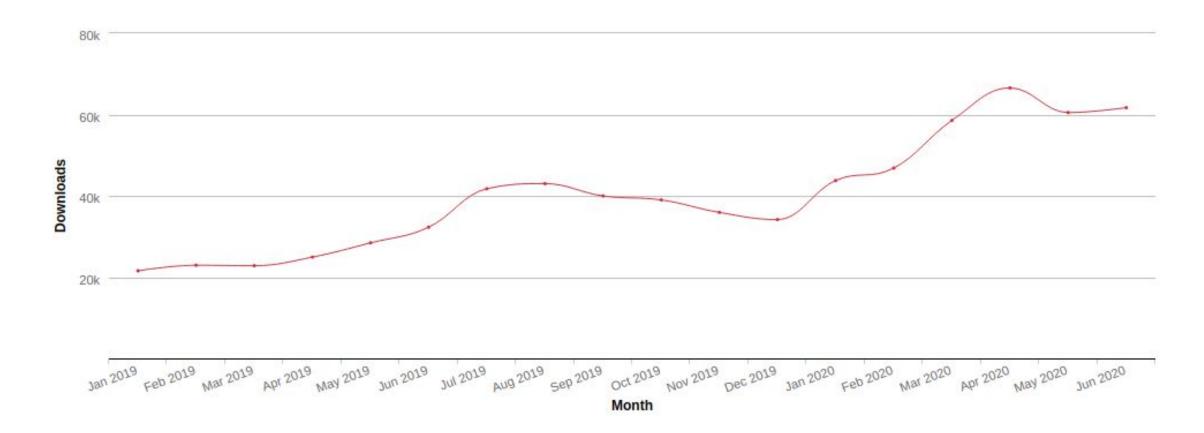
RQ3: Evaluation: Results





RQ3: Evaluation: Initial Results





RQ3: Evaluation



Coding Assignment

- Compare Annotations, Reflection and Macro (AST parsing + type checker) based approach
- 4 participants
- Different familiarity with the frameworks, all have TypeScript experience
- 3 Tasks: Initial Implementation based on requirements, evolution with new requirements, modeling (implementation filled in afterwards)

RQ3: Evaluation



ID	Role	Programming (years)	nest	tsoa	OpenAPI
1	Author	9	4	5	4
2	Director Development	30	1	2	3
3	Senior Developer	8	1	3	1

RQ3: Evaluation: Time



ID	Task	nest	tsoa	OpenAPI
1	1	1:30	1:20	-
1	2	0:15	0:15	-
2	1	1:40	1:25	-
2	2	0:10	0:10	-
3	1	-	~1:35*	-
3	2	-	-	-

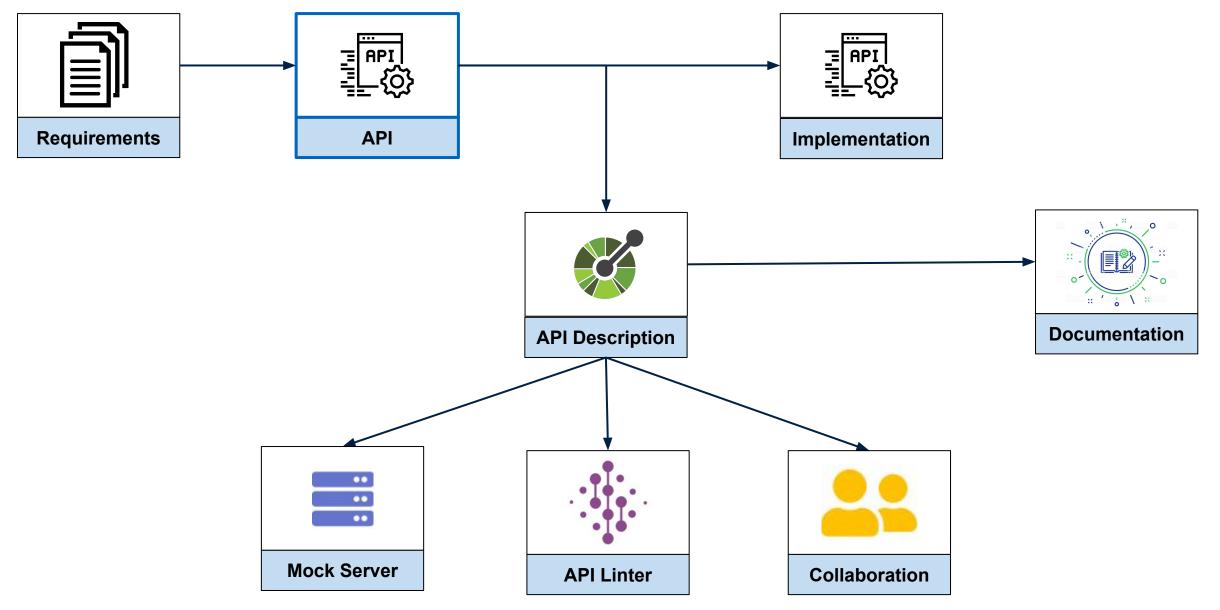
RQ3: Evaluation: Correctness



ID	nest	tsoa	OpenAPI
1	14	18,5	-
2	9	17,5	-
3	-	12/15	-

Conclusion







Thank you! Questions?



References



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