

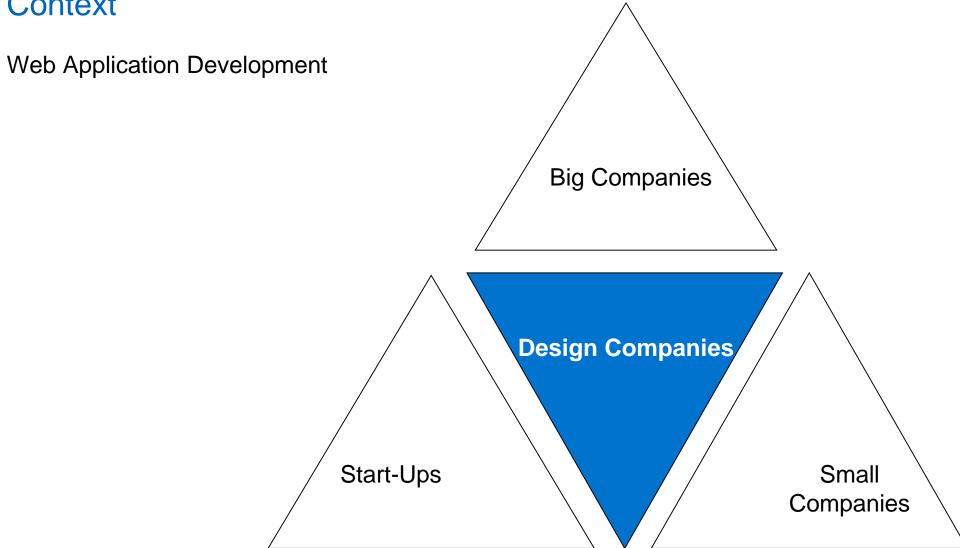
Outline



- 1. Introduction
- 2. Idea
- 3. Proposed Process
- 4. Simple Example
- 5. Timeline

Context



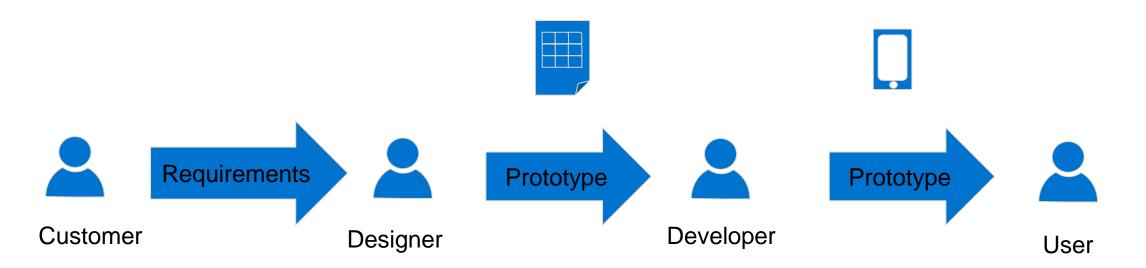


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Domain Description



Prototype driven development in web application development



How should the UI look like?

Creates low-fidelity Prototype

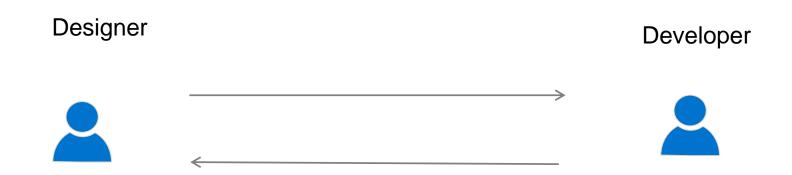
Creates high-fidelity **Prototype**

Refactoring?

Problem



Communication Issue between Designer and Developer





Do not share common domain specific language

The Idea



Support the developer by generating web components from an UI prototype

- Standardize in- and output file formats(SVG, JSON)

Use view models as domain specific language

Research Questions



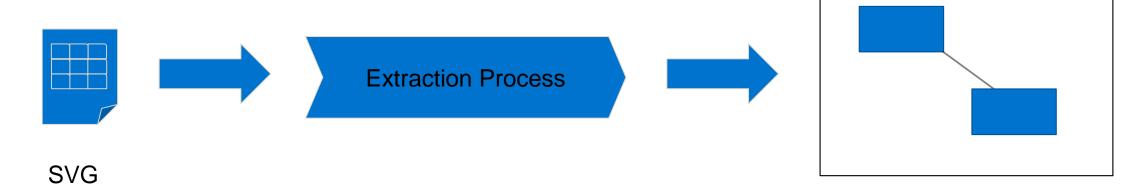
Which design tools do designers use and why? (2 Tools)

How should the architecture of a supporting process for the generation of web components be structured?

How useful is the automation process based on three basic use cases for prototype driven development?

View Model Generation

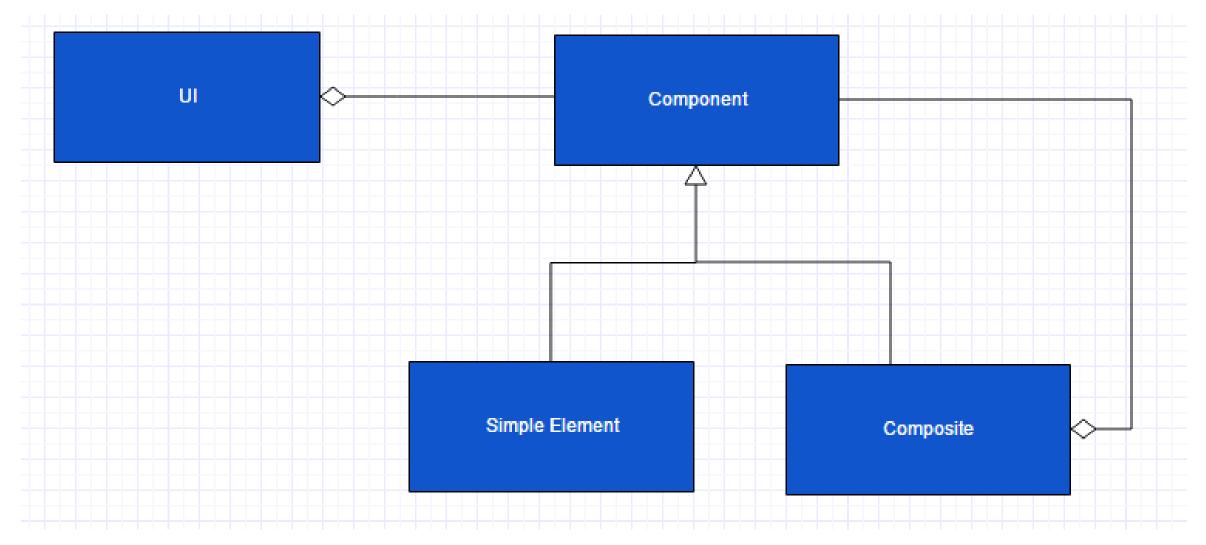




View Model

UI View Model





UI-Design Tools

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Features:

- Easy prototype design
- Pitch an idea
- Power of visual communication
- Proof of concept
- Instant feedback
- Support prototype driven development





Component Based Frameworks



- Allow high reusability
- can be extended and modified
- split responsibilites vertically

W3C - Web Components

- **Custom Elements**
- HTML Templates
- Shadow DOM

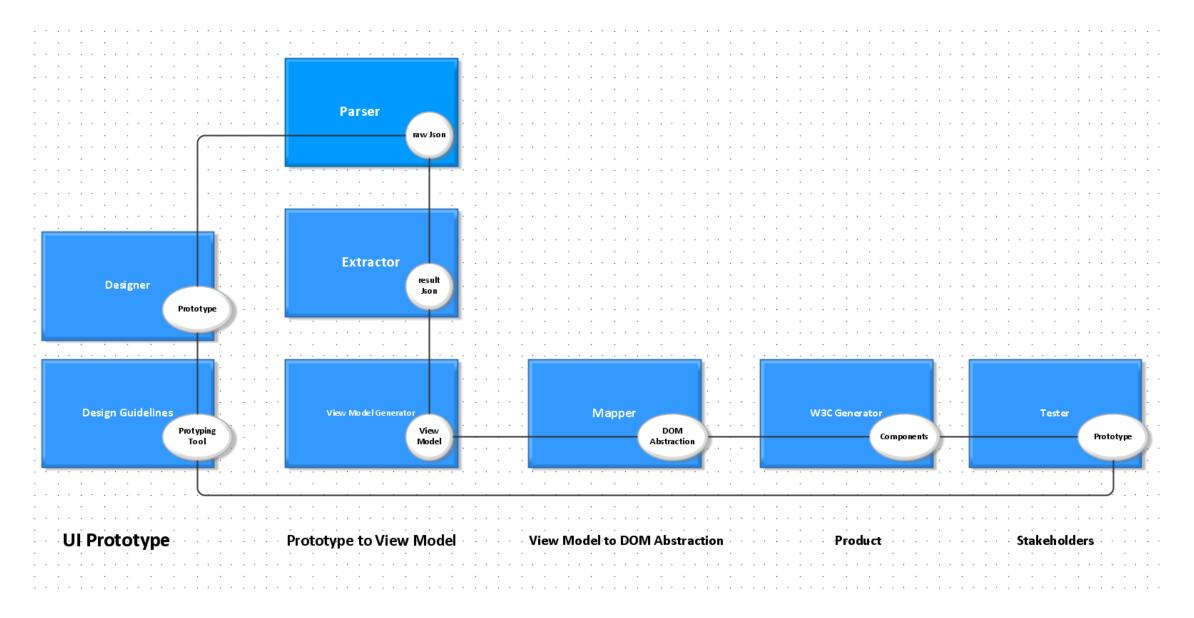






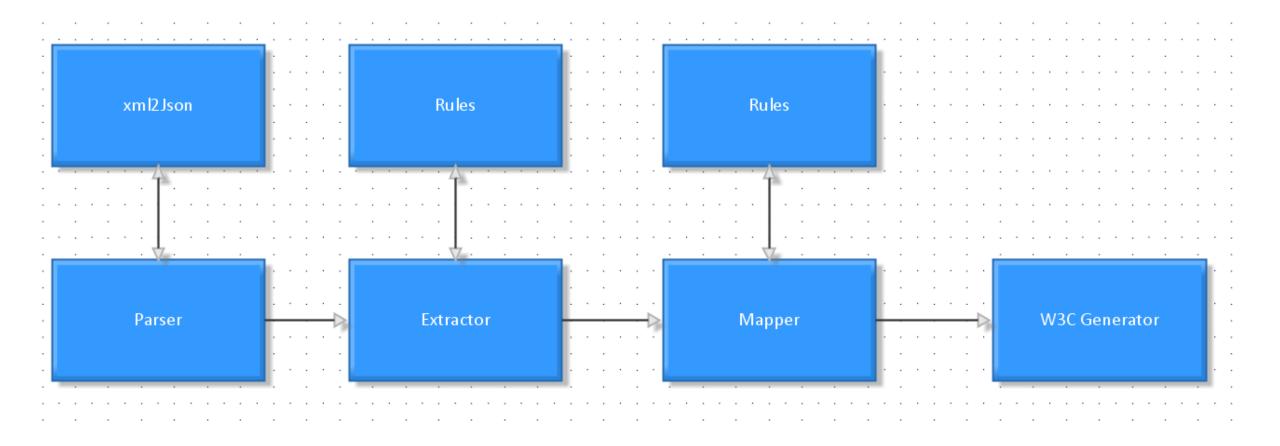
Proposed Process





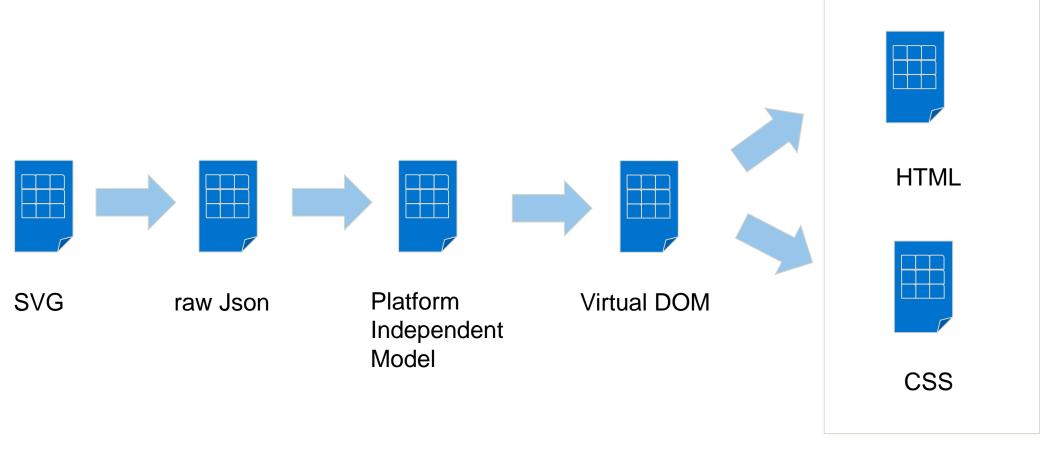
Workflow (JS Modules)





Data



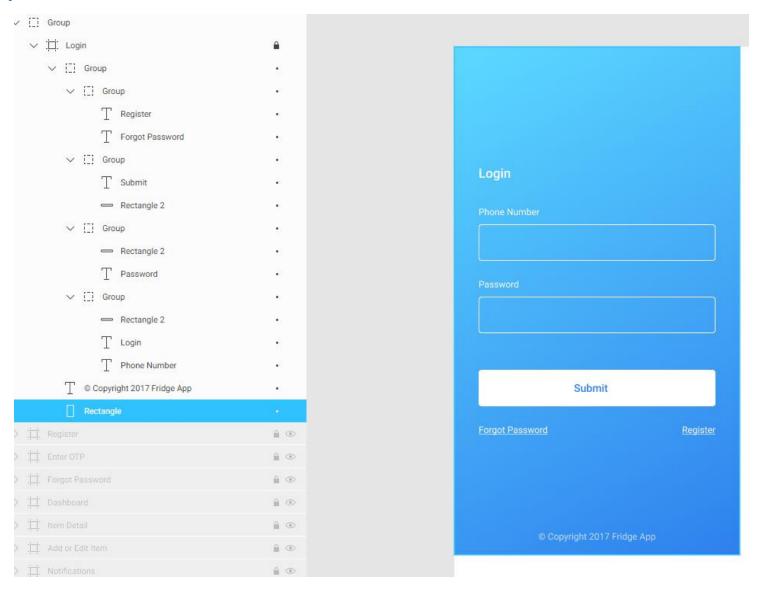


W3C Web Components

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Simple Example





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Simple Example



```
"id": "Group",
    "id": "Phone Number",
     "xlink:href": "#path2_fill",
      "transform": "translate(-156 -124)",
     "fill": "#FFFFFF"
    "id": "Rectangle 2",
      "mask": "url(#mask0_outline_ins)",
        "xlink:href": "#path5_stroke_2x",
        "transform": "translate(-156 -101)",
        "fill": "#FFFFFF"
```



```
"id": "Group",
"label": {
 "id": "Phone Number",
  "style": {
    "fill": "#FFFFFF",
    "transform": "translate(-156 -124)"
"form": {
  "id": "Rectangle-2",
  "style": {
    "fill": "#FFFFFF",
    "transform": "translate(-156 -101)"
```

Parsed SVG

View Model

Simple Example



```
"div": {
 "id": "Group",
  "label": {
    "id": "Phone Number",
   "style": {
      "fill": "#FFFFFF",
      "transform": "translate(-156 -124)"
  },
  "form": {
    "id": "Rectangle-2",
    "style": {
      "fill": "#FFFFFF",
      "transform": "translate(-156 -101)"
```

#Phone-Number{ fill:#FFFFFF; transform:translate(-156px, -124px); #Rectangle-2{ fill:#FFFFFF; transform:translate(-156px, -101px); </style> <div id=Group> <label id=Phone-Number>Phone Number</label> <form id=Rectangle-2> <input type="text" name="Phone Number">
 </form> </div>

View Model

Web Component

Next Steps



Render Components in Shadow DOM

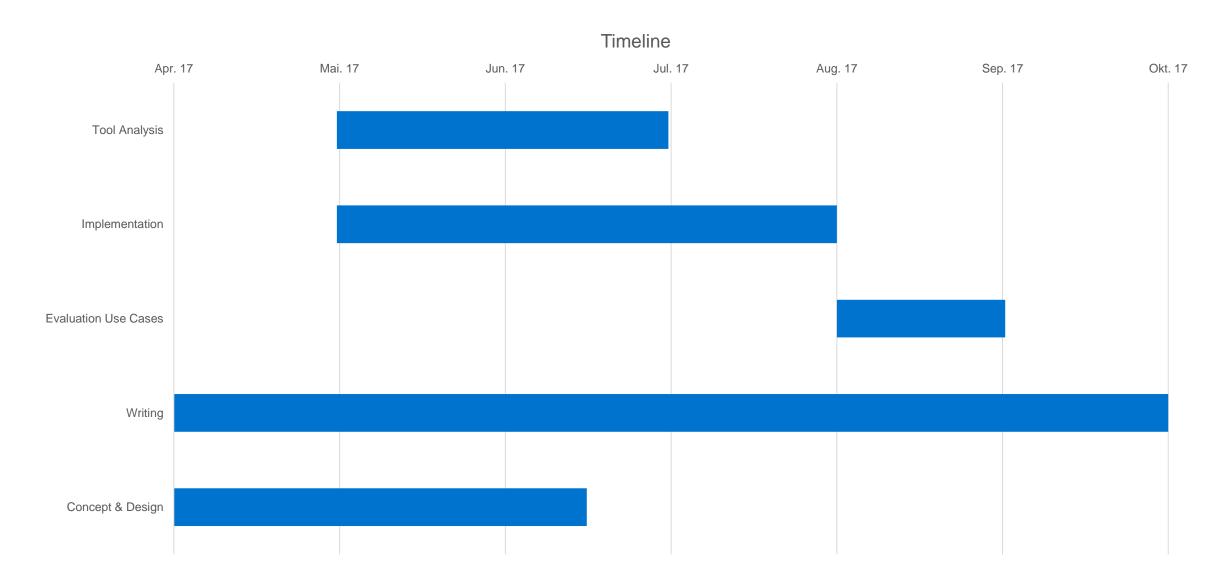
Create new rules and modify existing ones

Complete proposed process

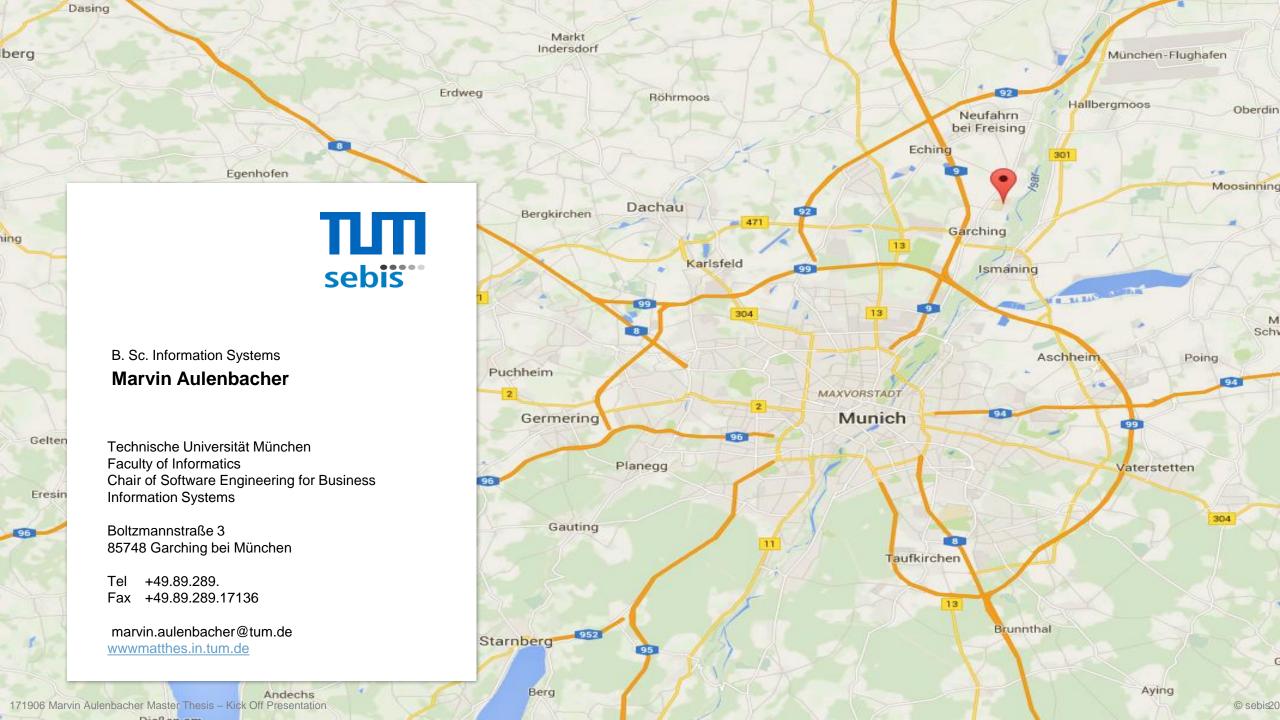
Work on use cases

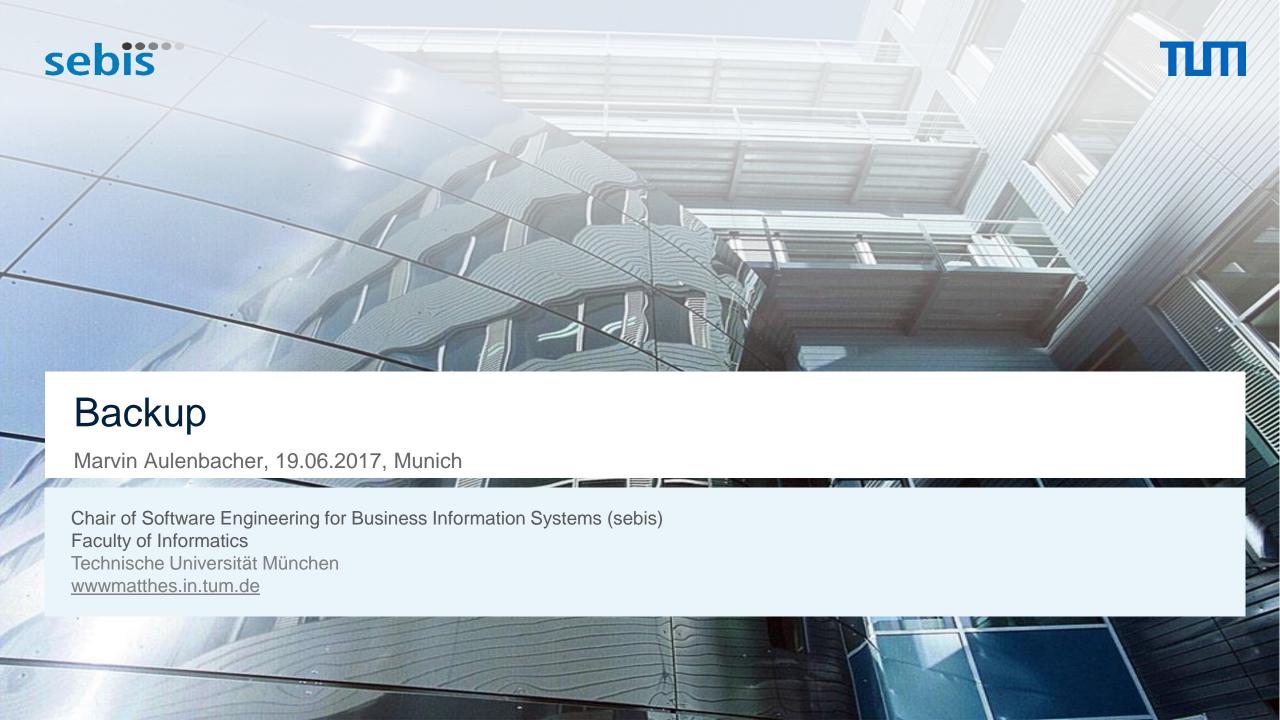
Timeline





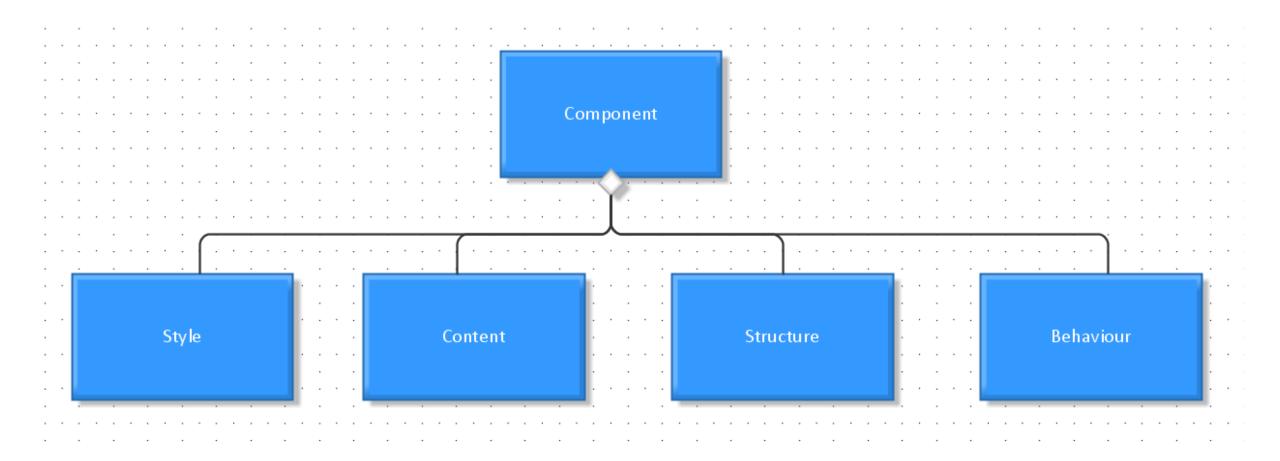
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Component UML View Model





W3C Components



Specification for platform independent web components

Consist of several seperate technologies

Reusable user interface widgets

- Part of browser environment(no external libraries needed)

Custom Elements



create new HTML tags (customElement.define(name,component, options:{}))

Modify existing HTML tags

Extend HTML tags (e.g. Button)

life cycle behaviours(connected, disconnected)

Can have own scripted behaviour and CSS styling

HTML Templates



client-side content

- Is not rendered when page is loaded, has to be activated

Parser only validates content of template

High reusability

Shadow DOM



Two differences to normal DOM

- 1. How it is created and used
- 2. How it behaves in relation to the rest of the page

This enables:

- Tree-scoping
- Details of the implementation are hidden.
- Shadow root contains implementation details and are rendered into a single tree
- Shadow dom must be attached to an existing element

Browser Support



- Backward compability via polyfills

- Custom Elements supported by modern browsers

- Early version support of Shadom Dom and Custom Elements in Chrome, Opera, Firefox

- Edge has not started to implement Shadow Dom nor Custom Elements

Why SVG?



Pro

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Well-formed XML

Scalable

Implicit hierarchy No target meta model

Transformation required

Why JSON?



Pro

Con

Standardized interchangeable data format for JS

Lightweight format

SVG to JSON parsing required