TECHNISCHE FAKULTÄT

UNIVERSITÄT FÜR MÜNCHEN

**INFORMATIK** 

## **Programming Languages**

Metaprogramming

Dr. Michael Petter Winter 2019/20

## "Let's write a program, which writes a program"

#### **Learning outcomes**

- Compilers and Compiler Tools
- Preprocessors for syntax rewriting
- Reflection and Metaclasses
- Metaobject Protocol
- Macros

#### **Motivation**



- Aspect Oriented Programming establishes programmatic refinement of program code
- How about establishing support for program refinement in the language concept itself?
- Treat program code as data

→ Metaprogramming

### **Motivation**

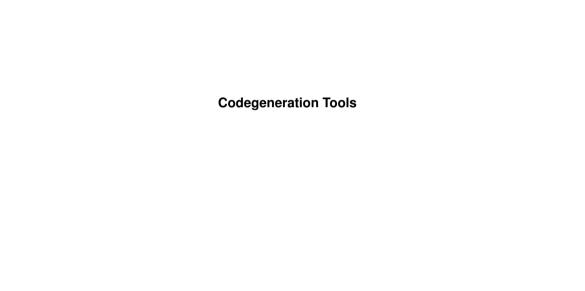


- Aspect Oriented Programming establishes programmatic refinement of program code
- How about establishing support for program refinement in the language concept itself?
- Treat program code as data

→ Metaprogramming

### Metaprogramming

- Treat programs as data
- Read, analyse or transform (other) programs
- Program modifies itself during runtime



### **Codegeneration Tools**



#### **Compiler Construction**

In Compiler Construction, there are a lot of codegeneration tools, that compile DSLs to target source code. Common examples are lex and bison.

#### Example: lex:

lex generates a table lookup based implementation of a finite automaton corresponding to the specified disjunction of regular expressions.





### **String Rewriting Systems**

A Text Rewriting System provides a set of grammar-like rules ( $\rightarrow$ Macros) which are meant to be applied to the target text.

Example: <u>C Preprocessor</u> (CPP)

```
#define min(X,Y) (( X < Y )? (X) : (Y))
x = min(5,x); // (( 5 < x )? (5) : (x))
x = min(++x,y+5); // (( ++x < y+5)? (++x) : (y+5))
```



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```

#### ▲ Nesting, Precedence, Binding, Side effects, Recursion, ...

- Parts of Macro parameters can bind to context operators depending on the precedence and binding behaviour
- Side effects are recomputed for every occurance of the Macro parameter
- Any (indirect) recursive replacement stops the rewriting process
- Name spaces are not separated, identifiers duplicated



Example application: Language constructs [3]:

```
ATOMIC (globallock) {
   i--;
   i++;
}
```

```
#define ATOMIC(lock) \
  acquire(&lock);\
  { /* user code */ } \
  release(&lock);
```

⚠ We explicitly want to imitate constructs like while loops, thus we do not want to use round brackets for code block delimiters



Example application: Language constructs [3]:

```
ATOMIC (globallock) {
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⚠ We explicitly want to imitate constructs like while loops, thus we do not want to use round brackets for code block delimiters

ATOMIC to the usercode fragment?

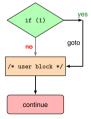
Particularly in a situation like this?

```
if (i>0)
  ATOMIC (mylock) {
    i--;
    i++;
}
```



#### Prepend code to usercode

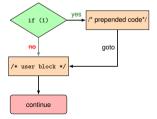
```
if (1)
  /* prepended code */
  goto body;
else
  body:
  {/* block following the macro */}
```





#### Prepend code to usercode

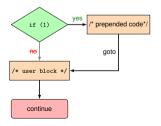
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#### Append code to usercode

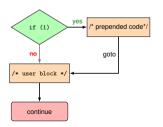
```
if (1)
  goto body;
else
  while (1)
  if (1) {
    /* appended code */
    break;
  }
  else body:
  {/* block following the macro */}
```





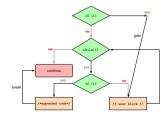
#### Prepend code to usercode

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if (1)
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```



### Append code to usercode

```
if (1)
  goto body;
else
  while (1)
  if (1) {
    /* appended code */
    break;
  }
  else body:
  {/* block following the macro */}
```





#### All in one

```
if (1) {
 /* prepended code */
  goto body;
} else
   while (1)
     if (1) {
      /* appended code */
       break:
     else body:
     { /* block following the expanded macro */ }
```



```
#define concat_( a, b) a##b
#define label(prefix, lnum) concat_(prefix,lnum)
#define ATOMIC (lock)
if (1) {
 acquire(&lock);
 goto label(body,__LINE__); \
} else
   while (1)
    if (1) {
      release(&lock);
       break;
     else
       label(body,__LINE__):
```

#### ▲ Reusability

labels have to be created dynamically in order for the macro to be reusable ( $\rightarrow$  \_\_LINE\_\_)



## **Homoiconic Programming**



### Homoiconicity

In a homoiconic language, the primary representation of programs is also a data structure in a primitive type of the language itself.

# data is code code is data

- Metaclasses and Metaobject Protocol
- (Hygienic) Macros



## **Reflective Metaprogramming**



### Type introspection

A language with  $\underline{\text{Type introspection}}$  enables to examine the type of an object at runtime.

Example: Java instanceof

```
public boolean equals(Object o){
  if (!(o instanceof Natural)) return false;
  return ((Natural)o).value == this.value;
}
```

## **Reflective Metaprogramming**



Metaclasses (→ code is data)

Example: Java Reflection / Metaclass java.lang.Class

```
static void fun(String param){
  Object incognito = Class.forName(param).newInstance();
  Class meta = incognito.getClass(); // obtain Metaobject
 Field[] fields = meta.getDeclaredFields();
 for(Field f : fields){
    Class t = f.getType();
    Object v = f.get(o);
   if(t == boolean.class && Boolean.FALSE.equals(v))
    // found default value
    else if(t.isPrimitive() && ((Number) v).doubleValue() == 0)
    // found default value
    else if(!t.isPrimitive() && v == null)
    // found default value
} }
```



### **Metaobject Protocol**

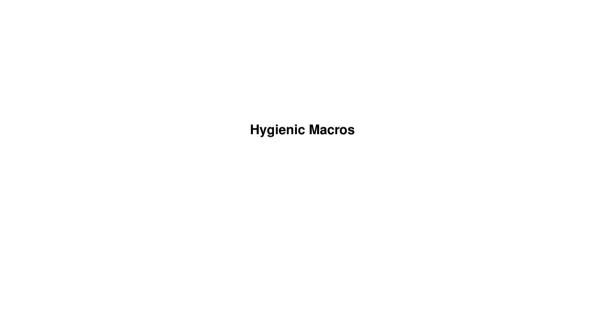


Metaobject Protocol (MOP [1])

Example: Lisp's CLOS metaobject protocol

... offers an interface to manipulate the underlying implementation of CLOS to adapt the system to the programmer's liking in aspects of

- creation of classes and objects
- creation of new properties and methods
- causing inheritance relations between classes
- creation generic method definitions
- creation of method implementations
- creation of specializers (→ overwriting, multimethods)
- configuration of standard method combination (→ before,after,around, call-next-method)
- simple or custom method combinators (→ +,append,max,...)
- addition of documentation





### Clojure! [2]

Clojure programs are represented after parsing in form of symbolic expressions (S-Expressions), consisting of nested trees:

#### S-Expressions

S-Expressions are either

- an atom
- ullet an expression of the form (x.y) with x,y being S-Expressions

Remark: Established shortcut notation for lists:

$$(x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3) \equiv (x_1 . (x_2 . (x_3 . ())))$$



#### **Special Forms**

Special forms differ in the way that they are interpreted by the clojure runtime from the standard evaluation rules.

#### Language Implementation Idea: reduce every expression to special forms:

```
(def symbol doc? init?)
(do expr*)
(if test then else?)
(let [binding*] expr*)
(eval form) : evaluates the datastructure form
(quote form); yields the unevaluated form
(var symbol)
(fn name? ([params*] expr*)+)
(loop [binding*] expr*)
(recur expr*); rebinds and jumps to loop or fn
. . . .
```



#### **Macros**

Macros are configurable syntax/parse tree transformations.

Language Implementation Idea: define advanced language features in macros, based very few special forms or other macros.

### Example: While loop:

```
(macroexpand '(while a b))
; => (loop* [] (clojure.core/when a b (recur)))
(macroexpand '(when a b))
;=> (if a (do b))
```



Macros can be written by the programmer in form of S-Expressions:

```
(defmacro infix
  "converting infix to prefix"
[infixed]
(list (second infixed) (first infixed) (last infixed)))
```

#### ...producing

```
(infix (1 + 1))
; => 2
(macroexpand '(infix (a + b)))
; => (+ a b)
```

#### **A** Quoting

Macros and functions are directly interpreted, if not quoted via

```
(quote keyword) ; or equivalently:
'keyword
; => keyword
```

```
(defmacro fac1 [n]
  (if (= n 0)
    1
      (list '* n (list 'fac1 (- n 1)
))))
```

```
(defn fac2 [n]
  (if (= n 0)
    1
    (* n (fac2 (- n 1)
))))
```

```
(fac1 4); => 24
```

```
(fac2 4); => 24
```

#### ...produces

```
(macroexpand '(fac1 4))
; => (* 4 (fac1 3))

(macroexpand-all '(fac1 4))
; => (* 4 (* 3 (* 2 (* 1 1))))
```

→ why bother?



#### **▲** Macros vs. Functions

- Macros as static AST Transformations, vs. Functions as runtime control flow manipulations
- Macros replicate parameter forms, vs. Functions evaluate parameters once
- Macro parameters are uninterpreted, not necessarily valid expressions, vs. Functions parameters need to be valid expressions



#### ▲ Macro Hygiene

<u>Shadowing</u> of variables may be an issue in macros, and can be avoided by generated symbols!

```
(def variable 42)
(macro mac [&stufftodo] `(let [variable 4711] ~@stufftodo))
(mac (println variable))
; => can't let qualified name: variable

(macro mac [&stufftodo] `(let [variable# 4711] ~@stufftodo))
```

 $\leadsto$  Symbol generation to avoid namespace collisions!

### Further reading...



[1] R. P. Gabriel.

Gregor kiczales, jim des rivières, and daniel g. bobrow, the art of the metaobject protocol.

Artif. Intell., 61(2):331–342, 1993.

[2] D. Higginbotham.

Clojure for the Brave and True: Learn the Ultimate Language and Become a Better Programmer.

No Starch Press, San Francisco, CA, USA, 1st edition, 2015.

[3] S. Tatham.

Metaprogramming custom control structures in C.

https://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/mp/, 2012. [Online; accessed 07-Feb-2018].